

How to Read a Scholarly Article

What Does a Scholarly Article Look Like?



Journal Example 1 (2013) 1

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Journal Example

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/jexamp

Example Author Manuscript Title

Example Author One^{a,*,1}, Example Author Two^{b,2}, Example Author Three^{c,3,4,5}

^aV.Z. Institute of Example, Example Branch, Academy of Sciences, 660036 City, Country
^bA.B. University of Example, UEA, B.12345 City, Country
^cABC DEF IJK, 456 Institute-Sample, 1 Sample street, City, Country E.G.12.1234

ABSTRACT

Aenean massa. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Donec quam felis, ultricies nec, pellentesque eu, pretium quis, sem. Nulla consequat massa quis enim. Donec pede justo, fringilla vel, aliquet nec, vulputate eget, arcu. In enim justo, rhoncus ut, imperdiet a, venenatis vitae, justo. Nullam dictum felis eu pede mollis pretium. Integer tincidunt. Cras dapibus. Vivamus elementum semper nisi. Aenean vulputate eleifend tellus. Aenean leo ligula, porttitor eu, consequat vitae, eleifend ac, enim. Aliquam lorem ante, dapibus in, viverra quis, feugiat a, tellus. Phasellus viverra nulla ut metus varius laoreet. Quisque rutrum. Aenean imperdiet. Etiam ultricies nisi vel augue. Curabitur ullamcorper ultricies nisi. Nam eget dui. Etiam rhoncus. Maecenas tempus, tellus eget condimentum rhoncus, sem quam semper libero, sit amet adipiscing sem neque sed ipsum. Nam quam nunc, blandit vel, luctus pulvinar, hendrerit id, lorem. Maecenas nec odio et ante tincidunt tempus. Donec vitae sapien ut libero venenatis faucibus. Nullam quis ante. Etiam sit amet orci eget eros faucibus tincidunt. Duis leo. Sed fringilla mauris sit amet nibh. Donec sodales sagittis magna. Sed consequat, leo eget bibendum sodales, augue velit cursus nunc.

© 2013 Published by Elsevier B.V.

Introduction

Aenean massa. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Donec quam felis, ultricies nec, pellentesque eu, pretium quis, sem. Nulla consequat massa quis enim. Donec pede justo, fringilla vel, aliquet nec, vulputate eget, arcu. In enim justo, rhoncus ut, imperdiet a, venenatis vitae, justo. Nullam dictum felis eu pede mollis pretium. Integer tincidunt. Cras dapibus. Vivamus elementum semper nisi. Aenean vulputate eleifend tellus. Aenean leo ligula, porttitor eu, consequat vitae, eleifend ac, enim. Aliquam lorem ante, dapibus in, viverra quis, feugiat a, tellus. Phasellus viverra nulla ut metus varius laoreet. Quisque rutrum. Aenean imperdiet. Etiam ultricies nisi vel augue. Curabitur ullamcorper ultricies nisi. Nam eget dui. Etiam rhoncus. Maecenas tempus, tellus eget condimentum rhoncus, sem quam semper libero, sit amet adipiscing sem neque sed ipsum. Nam quam nunc, blandit vel, luctus pulvinar, hendrerit id, lorem. Maecenas nec odio et ante tincidunt tempus. Donec vitae sapien ut libero venenatis faucibus. Nullam quis ante. Etiam sit amet orci eget eros faucibus tincidunt. Duis leo. Sed fringilla mauris sit amet nibh. Donec sodales sagittis magna. Sed consequat, leo eget bibendum sodales, augue velit cursus nunc.

^{*} Corresponding author. Tel.: +33 4 67 50 50; fax: +1-123-345678.
[†] E-mail address: example@examplemail.com (E. Author One).
¹ URI268 Biopolymères Interactions Assemblages, INRA, F-44316 Nantes, France.
² CNRS IRM, OGG, 710 Institut Laue-Langevin, 6 rue Jules Horowitz, BP 156, 38042, Grenoble Cedex 9, France.
³ Institut Laue-Langevin, 6 rue Jules Horowitz, BP 156, 38042 Grenoble Cedex 9, France.
⁴ Université Joseph Fourier UFR PHTEM, BP 53, 38041 Grenoble Cedex 9, France.
⁵ Institut de Biologie Structurale, 41 rue Jules Horowitz, 38027 Grenoble Cedex 1, France.

0123-0123\$ - see front matter © 2013 Published by Elsevier B.V.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.12345/j.example.2013.11.014>

What is an Abstract?

The abstract, generally written by the author(s) of the article, provides a *concise summary* of the whole article. Usually it highlights the focus, study results and conclusion(s) of the article.

Read the abstract first as it covers basics of the article. Questions to consider:

- What is this article about? What is the working hypothesis or thesis?
- Is this related to my question or area of research?

What is a DOI?

A Digital Object Identifier (usually written as DOI) is an identification number or source link for a document or file. It's a system that is widely used by journals today. The DOI is comprised of symbols, numbers, and letters.

Example: doi:10.1038/s41586-019-1805-z

This unique number system is very beneficial to readers and authors since it can be used to immediately locate an exact document, even if a host web page or database has altered an article's URL.

How do I find an article's DOI?

If in print or PDF form, the first place to check is the front page of the article. If it is an online article, look for the DOI near the top of the article, at the very end of the article, or wherever citation information is located. Here are a few examples:

Here is an example from *The New England Journal of Medicine*:

This article is available to subscribers. [Subscribe now](#). Already have an account? [Sign in](#)

CLINICAL PROBLEM-SOLVING FREE PREVIEW

Facing Uncertainty

Cristina Thomas, M.D., Ruth Ann Vleugels, M.D., M.P.H., David J. Kwiatkowski, M.D., Ph.D., Bruce Levy, M.D., and Joseph Loscalzo, M.D., Ph.D.



A 57-year-old woman presented with a 1-year history of an itchy facial rash, which was unresponsive to a 3-month course of prednisone and hydroxychloroquine. Redness had spread from her face to her scalp and neck. She reported a productive cough and progressive dyspnea for the preceding 2 weeks.

December 5, 2019

N Engl J Med 2019; 381:2253-2259

DOI: 10.1056/NEJMcp1906037

Editors

Caren G. Solomon, M.D., M.P.H., Editor

[Continue reading this article](#)

About this article



Check for updates

Cite this article

Lambo, S., Gröbner, S.N., Rausch, T. *et al.* The molecular landscape of ETMR at diagnosis and relapse. *Nature* (2019)
doi:10.1038/s41586-019-1815-x

[Download citation](#) ↓

Received	Accepted	Published
21 December 2018	16 October 2019	04 December 2019

DOI

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41586-019-1815-x>

Subjects

Cancer genetics

Cancer genomics

CNS cancer

Genomic instability

miRNAs

If a DOI for an article exists, place it at the end of the citation (instead of a URL). Here's an example for the *New England Journal of Medicine* article previously shown:

Thomas, Cristina, et al. "Facing Uncertainty." *New England Journal of Medicine*, vol. 381, no. 23, 2019, pp. 2253–2259., doi:10.1056/nejmcps1906037.

Why are Article References Helpful? These give credit to other scientists and researchers and show you the basis the authors used to develop their research. They allow you to:

- draw on any of the millions of ideas, insights and arguments published by other writers, many of whom have spent years researching and writing.
- identify additional sources of information on the topic. Questions to ask:
 - What other articles should I read?
 - What other authors are respected in this field?
 - What other research should I explore?

Where to find Bibliograph/Citation Information

The list of references, or works cited, should include all of the materials the authors used in the article.

It is found at the end of the journal article as Notes, References (APA), or Works Cited (MLA).